

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box. 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/668,521	09/23/2003		Stefan Wintersperger	22649	1880	
535	7590	04/03/2006		EXAMINER		
THE FIRM (MOSHER, MARY			
PO BOX 900	JALE AV	ENUE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
RIVERDALE	(BRONZ	K), NY 10471-090	1648			

DATE MAILED: 04/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/668,521	WINTERSPERGER ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Mary E. Mosher, Ph.D.	1648			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or tre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 Jac</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under Expression 1.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)	Claim(s) 19-52 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 19-52 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or is/ares The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct Theorem Replacement	wn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 09/980,029. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 1/17/06.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da				

DETAILED ACTION

Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 1/17/2006 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of US 6682742 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Meyer et al (cited by applicants. The isolated HindIII B fragment and the isolated XhoI E fragment of MVA are taught by Meyer et al. See Figure 2 and also Figures 1 and 5. The presence of an EcoRI site at the position corresponding to position 1063, the ability to hybridize under stringent conditions to SEQ 1, and the ability to integrate into the ATI region are all inherent characteristics of the MVA DNA segment. The reference does not teach applicant's intended use for inserting a heterologous sequence at a restriction site; however, the intended use is not a limitation upon the claimed product. Therefore the reference meets each and every limitation of these claims. Applicant may wish to distinguish the claimed subject matter from plain old MVA ATI-region DNA fragments (which inherently contain numerous restriction sites that could be used for inserting something, and inherently are capable of recombination) by requiring a physical distinguishing characteristic: a multiple cloning site inserted in the MVA ATI-region DNA. Use of a multiple cloning site is described on applicant's specification page 15, lines 23-24.

Application/Control Number: 10/668,521 Page 3

Art Unit: 1648

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 19-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shida et al (EP 261925) or Paoletti et al (US 5,364,773 or WO 96/39491) in view of Altenburger et al (US 5185146) and Antoine et al (Virology 244:365-396, 1998), for essentially the same reasons as the previous rejection of claims 12 and 14. Applicant argues that the ATI region of MVA differs extremely and substantially from the ATI region of all other poxviruses, especially vaccinia virus. Applicant argues that, because vaccinia virus has deleted parts of the nonessential ATI gene and MVA has deleted even more of the ATI gene, this region is unstable and unsuitable for insertion of heterologous genes. "Since the ATI region of MVA has proven unsuitable even for viral genes, one skilled in the art would have expected that when inserting foreign genes into that region, these genes would of course be deleted, during further replication cycles." The same argument could be made with equal force against the ATI region in vaccinia, and is countered by the success of those in the art in using the ATI region of vaccinia for insertion of heterologous material. Applicant argues that Meyer teaches instability of the terminal regions during continuous propagation in cell cultures. This is equally applicable to other strains of vaccinia, which has not discouraged those in the art. In addition, the standard for obviousness is not absolute predictability, but a reasonable expectation of success. In spite of some differences between the ATI region of MVA and the ATI region of other vaccinia after 574 passages in culture, in spite of some uncertainty regarding the stability of an insertion on further extended passage, it is

Art Unit: 1648

maintained that the successful use of the ATI region in other vaccinia strains is sufficient to suggest the ATI region in MVA, with reasonable expectation of success.

Claims 19-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sutter et al WO 97/02355 in view of Meyer et al (cited by applicants) and Antoine et al (Virology 244:365-396, 1998). Sutter teaches that six major deletions of genomic DNA have been identified, and refers to Meyer. Sutter explicitly suggests recombining a foreign DNA precisely at the site of a naturally occurring deletion. See for example page 4 and claims 1, 3-28. Sutter provides a working example using deletion II, and does not mention any problems with instability, viral propagation, or replication efficiency. Meyer teaches the location of the other naturally occurring deletions, and Antoine teaches the sequence surrounding the deletions. Since the ATI region contains deletion IV, insertion of foreign DNA at deletion IV is seen as obvious. It is noted that Sutter does not teach insertion of foreign DNA at the EcoRI site in the ATI region. However, none of applicant's claims actually require insertion of foreign DNA at the EcoRI site to be present in the DNA. Again, the intended use of the EcoRI site does not limit the subject matter of the claims.

Double Patenting

Claims 19-52 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 3-33 of U.S. Patent No. 6,440,422 in view of Meyer et al (cited by applicants) and Antoine et al (Virology 244:365-396, 1998). The patent claims recombinant MVA with a foreign gene inserted in a naturally occurring deletion, including site IV. As discussed above, Meyer discusses

Art Unit: 1648

the location of site IV, and Antoine teaches the sequence of the flanking region.

Therefore, the instant claimed subject matter encompasses obvious embodiments of the previously claimed viruses, and DNA intermediates required to construct the obvious embodiments.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mary E. Mosher, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0906. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and alternate Fridays.

Application/Control Number: 10/668,521 Page 6

Art Unit: 1648

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel can be reached on 571-272-0902. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

3/30/06

Mary E. MOSHER, PH.D.
PRIMARY EXAMPLED